ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL

Appointed Lieutenant Commander in September, 1942, Carncohan attended the Indoctrination School at Quonset Point and then was stationed at the Navy Department, Washington, D. C. He returned to Quonset to attend the Air Combat Intelligence School and from there in April, 1943, he went as Air Combat Intelligence Officer to Air Force, Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk, Virginia.

From Norfolk, Carncohan was ordered to temporary duty in the Caribbean and South America for the purpose of inspecting Air Combat Intelligence activities at numerous Fleet Air Bases for Commander Air Force, Atlantic Fleet. He was killed in line of duty October 12, 1943, at Surinam, Dutch Guiana, in the crash of the plane which was taking him to Brazil.

Carncohan was survived by his widow, Sibyll Bliss Carncohan. Gouverneur Morris Carncohan, Jr., his son by his first marriage, was killed in action in Luxembourg, December 26, 1944. His daughter is Mrs. Lauriston L. Scaife, whose husband, Bishop Scaife, was a master at the School in 1937-38. His younger son, Walter Bliss Carncohan, graduated from St. Paul's in 1949.

KENNETH LAURANCE OGLE

1907

In the First World War, Kenneth Ogle took part in the Champagne-Marne, Marne-Aisne, and Saint-Mihiel offensives, and in operations in the Lunéville and Baccarat sectors, on the Woëvre and west of the Meuse. He was promoted Captain in the 165th Infantry, received a Divisional citation and was awarded the Croix de Guerre.

From 1919 to 1942, he was engaged in the brokerage business in Indianapolis. In March, 1942, he re-entered the Army, was commissioned Major and later Lieutenant Colonel. He was stationed successively at Fort Harrison, at Wright Field, and at Fort Ord, California, where he was in command of an M.P. battalion. He died May 6, 1943, while on temporary duty in Washington, D. C.

After Ogle's death, the Indianapolis News said of him, in an editorial: "Colonel Ogle was a vital, intense man of great personal magnetism. He was one of a small group of farsighted men who saw the global war to come and he worked tirelessly in the cause of American participation on Britain's side. It was a tribute to his character and his zeal that he scorned to remain a civilian while the United States armed itself. Even though he had passed the fifty-year mark, he sought and gained entry into the army. Kenneth Ogle always knew which side he was on and he was willing to fight for his beliefs."

Ogle was married in 1919, to Vera Strickland. Their children were a daughter, Virginia, and twin sons, Kenneth L. Ogle, Jr., who served as a bomber pilot in the U.S.A.A.F. and William S. Ogle, who was in the Armored Infantry, and died a few months after his father, of wounds received in action in Italy.